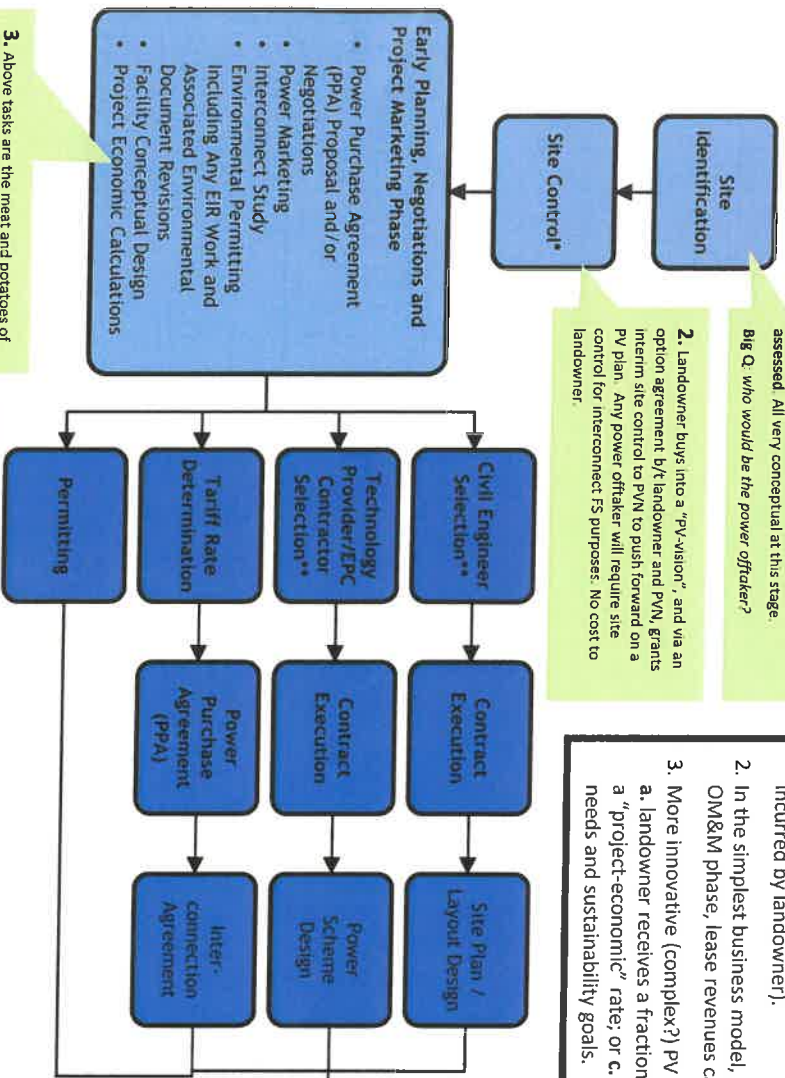


# Stages in PV Solar Power Installation Development: The Development Pathway Viewed from an Industrial Landowners' Perspective. ...or... What's in the Deal for the Industrial Landowner?



**Overview: Where Project Cash Flow Occurs and How an Industrial Landowner Can Participate**

1. All project development fees are paid by PVN (from feasibility to design to construction. No development costs need be incurred by landowner).
2. In the simplest business model, landowner receives revenue from a land lease for 25 to 30 years. If site is in a remediation OM&M phase, lease revenues can offset OM&M costs.
3. More innovative (complex?) PV development financial arrangements are possible which can include components such as:
  - a. landowner receives a fraction of power sales revenue (replacing lease);
  - b. power can be sold to a landowner's "facility" at a "project-economic" rate; or
  - c. landowner could co-invest in the PV facility, if consistent with the entity's power purchase needs and sustainability goals.

**Key Metrics:**

- Concept to operations in ~2 years
- PVN pays for all project development costs
- PVN's construction costs will be about \$2.5M/MW (4 acres of installation)
- Landowner can receive lease fees, or more innovatively participate (see below<sup>1</sup>)
- PV facility lifetime is 25 to 30 years
- PVN remotely monitors the facility, augmented by monthly onsite inspections
- PPA with power off-taker sets power sales rates, and escalator
- Landowner sustainable project credit
- PVN's evolution from the landfill EPC services world insures that PV installation will be "cap-compatible"

\* Can be in form of an "option agreement" between landowner and PVNavigator, LLC, or a longer term land lease. Option would convert to a land lease once the scope and economics of the proposed project are better defined, such as at the execution of a PPA. PVN can supply a model option agreement, on request.  
\*\* Civil engineer and EPC contractor can be the one company.